Appl. No.
HSJ920030151US1/(2004300-0550-B-DWL)
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Viterbi decoder.

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IN THE CLAIMS

A complete listing of the claims follows and replaces any prior versions.

(Currently Amended) A read channel, comprising: 1 a Viterbi decoder for decoding a received data stream to produce an estimated 2 sequence representing decoded data bits; and 3 a sequence selection stage for analyzing error events and selecting a sequence based upon the analysis of the error events; 5 wherein the sequence selection stage and the Viterbi decoder each include at least 6 one threshold, and wherein at least one threshold of the sequence selection stage and the 7 8 Viterbi decoder is dynamically biased to improve detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise and wherein an offset term is provided specific for each the 9 sequence selection stage to produce an error sequence, the offset terms comprising an 10 11 offset threshold dependent upon the sequence at the output of the Viterbi decoder. 2. (Original) The read channel of claim 1 further comprising an 1

2. (Original) The read channel of claim 1 further comprising an
2 equalizer for receiving a readback signal and producing a desired target response at the

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1	•	3.	(Original)	The read channel of claim 1, wherein the Viterbi decoder				
2	further comprises:							
3	a branch metric generator for generating distance metrics for a received data							
4	stream;							
5	a plurality of adders for adding the distance metric for each possible branch to a							
6	previously accumulated path metric to produce a revised path metric for each branch;							
7	at least one comparator for comparing the revised path metric for a plurality of							
8	branches; and							
9	a selector for selecting a path metric for a path having a smallest path metric.							
		4	(O-i-i1)					
1	2	4.	(Original)	The read channel of claim 3, wherein the at least one				
2	comparator includes a threshold for making a bias adjustment to improve detection							
3	reliability in the presence of data dependent noise.							
1	4	5.	(Original)	The mod shapped of claim 4 subarries the threshold is				
1	•).	(Original)	The read channel of claim 4, wherein the threshold is				
2	adjusted to choose a sequence with more transitions.							
1		5.	(Original)	The read channel of claim 4, wherein the threshold is				
•								
2	adjusted	i to ch	oose a sequence	that compensates for polarity dependent noise.				
1	7	7.	(Original)	The read channel of claim 6, wherein the threshold is				
2	adjusted to choose a sequence with more ones when polarity dependent noise makes ones							
3	more no	isy.						

transitions.

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1	8.	(Original)	The read cha	nnel of claim 6, wherein the threshold is			
2	adjusted to ch	oose a sequen	ice with more ze	eroes when polarity dependent noise makes			
3	zeroes more noisy.						
1	9.	(Previously	Presented)	The read channel of claim 1, wherein the			
2	sequence selection stage further comprises:						
3	a plur	ality of error e	event filters, ope	ratively coupled to the Viterbi decoder, for			
4	identifying an error event and producing an output error;						
5	a plurality of adders, coupled to the error event filters, for combining the output						
6	error with the offset term specific for each error event filter to produce an error sequence						
7	and						
8	a selec	ctor for decidi	ng on one error	sequence from the plurality of adders.			
1	10.	(Previously	Presented)	The read channel of claim 9, wherein each			
2	of the offset to	erms comprise	e a threshold, ea	ch of the offset thresholds being adjusted to			
3	improve detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise.						
l	11.	(Canceled)					
1	12.	(Currently A	mended) The r	ead channel of claim [[11]] 1, wherein the			
2	offset terms c	omprising an	offset threshold	are adjusted to choose a sequence with more			

- 1 13. (Previously Presented) The read channel of claim 11, wherein the
- offset terms comprising an offset threshold are adjusted to choose a sequence that
- 3 compensates for polarity dependent noise.
- 1 14. (Previously Presented) The read channel of claim 13, wherein the
- offset threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more ones when polarity dependent
- 3 noise makes ones more noisy.
- 1 15. (Previously Presented) The read channel of claim 13, wherein the
- 2 offset threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more zeroes when polarity
- dependent noise makes zeroes more noisy.

1	16. (Currently Amended) A signal processing system for providing read						
2	channel functions, comprising:						
3	a memory for storing data therein; and						
4	a processor, coupled to the memory, the processor configured for decoding a						
5	received data stream to produce an estimated sequence representing decoded data bits, for						
6	analyzing error events and for selecting a sequence based upon the analysis of the error						
7	events;						
8	wherein the processor includes at least one threshold, and wherein at least one						
9	threshold is dynamically biased to improve detection reliability in the presence of data						
10	dependent noise and wherein an offset term is provided specific for each the sequence						
11	selection stage to produce an error sequence, the offset terms comprising an offset						
12	threshold dependent upon the sequence at the output of the Viterbi decoder.						
	•						
1	17. (Original) The signal processing system of claim 16, wherein the						
2	processor is further configured for receiving a readback signal and producing a desired						
3	equalized target response at the Viterbi decoder.						
1	18. (Original) The signal processing system of claim 16, wherein the						
2	processor is further configured for adding the distance metric for each possible branch to						
3	a previously accumulated path metric to produce a revised path metric for each branch,						
4	for comparing the revised path metric for a plurality of branches and for selecting a path						
5	metric for a path having a smallest path metric.						

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19. (Original) The signal processing system of claim 18, wherein the 1 processor adjusts the comparing based upon adjustment of the threshold to improve 2 detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise. 3 The signal processing system of claim 19, wherein the 20. (Original) 1 threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more transitions. . 2 21. (Original) The signal processing system of claim 19, wherein the 1 threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence that compensates for polarity dependent noise. 2 22. (Original) The signal processing system of claim 21, wherein the 1 threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more ones when polarity dependent noise 2 makes ones more noisy. 3 23. (Original) The signal processing system of claim 21, wherein the 1 threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more zeroes when polarity dependent 2 noise makes zeroes more noisy. 3 24. (Canceled) 1 25. (Previously Presented) The signal processing system of claim 16, 1 wherein the offset terms comprise an offset threshold, each of the thresholds being 2 adjusted to improve detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise.

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- 1 26. (Previously Presented) The signal processing system of claim 25, 2 wherein the offset terms comprising an offset threshold are made dependent upon the 3 estimated sequence.
- 1 27. (Previously Presented) The signal processing system of claim 26, 2 wherein the offset terms comprising an offset threshold are adjusted to choose a sequence 3 with more transitions.
- 28. 1 (Currently Amended) A signal processor configured for performing read 2 channel operations, wherein the signal processor decoding a received data stream to produce an estimated sequence representing decoded data bits, analyzing error events and 3 selecting a sequence based upon the analysis of the error events based upon a chosen 4 5 threshold, wherein the threshold is dynamically biased to improve detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise and based upon an offset term specific for each the 6 sequence selection stage for producing an error sequence, the offset terms comprising an 7 8 offset threshold dependent upon the sequence at the output of the Viterbi decoder...

1	29. (Currently Amended) A data storage system, comprising:					
2	at least one storage medium for storing data thereon;					
3	a motor for moving the at least one storage medium;					
4	a transducer, operatively coupled to the at least one storage medium, for reading					
5	and writing data on the at least one storage medium;					
6	an actuator, coupled to the transducer, for translating the transducer relative to the					
7	at least one storage medium; and					
8	a read channel for processing a data stream received via the transducer, the read					
9	channel further comprising:					
10	a Viterbi decoder for decoding a received data stream to produce an					
11	estimated sequence representing decoded data bits; and					
12	a sequence selection stage for analyzing error events and selecting a					
13	sequence based upon the analysis of the error events;					
14	wherein the sequence selection stage and the Viterbi decoder each include					
15	at least one threshold, and wherein at least one of the threshold of the sequence selection					
16	stage and the Viterbi decoder is dynamically biased to improve detection reliability in the					
17	presence of data dependent noise and wherein an offset term is provided specific for each					
18	the sequence selection stage to produce an error sequence, the offset terms comprising an					
19	offset threshold dependent upon the sequence at the output of the Viterbi decoder.					

1	30.	(Original)	The data stor	orage system of claim 29 further comprising an	l			
2	equalizer for receiving a readback signal and producing a desired target response at the							
3	Viterbi decoder.							
				•				
1	31.	(Original)	The data stor	orage system of claim 29, wherein the Viterbi				
2	decoder further comprises:							
3	a branch metric generator for generating distance metrics for a received data							
4	stream;							
5	a plurality of adders for adding the distance metric for each possible branch to a							
6	previously accumulated path metric to produce a revised path metric for each branch;							
7	at least one comparator for comparing the revised path metric for a plurality of							
8	branches; and	d						
9	a sele	ector for selecti	ng a path metri	ic for a path having a smallest path metric.				
1	32.	(Previously l	Presented)	The data storage system of claim 31,				
2	wherein the	at least one con	nparator adjusts	ts the threshold for making a bias adjustment to	0			
3	improve detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise.							
1	33.	(Original)	The data stor	orage system of claim 32, wherein the threshold	d			
2	is adjusted to	choose a sequ	ence with more	e transitions.				
	2.4	(Onlain - IX	The days a		.1			
1	34.	(Original)	i ne data stoi	orage system of claim 32, wherein the threshold	a			
2	is adjusted to	choose a sequ	ence that comp	pensates for polarity dependent noise.				

35. The data storage system of claim 34, wherein the threshold (Original) 1 is adjusted to choose a sequence with more ones when polarity dependent noise makes 2 3 ones more noisy. 36. 1 (Original) The data storage system of claim 34, wherein the threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more zeroes when polarity dependent noise makes 2 3 zeroes more noisy. **37**. (Previously Presented) ı The data storage system of claim 29, 2 wherein the sequence selection stage further comprises: 3 a plurality of error event filters, operatively coupled to the Viterbi decoder, for identifying an error event and producing an output error; 4 5 a plurality of adders, coupled to the error event filters, for combining the output 6 error with the offset term specific for each error event filter to produce an error sequence; 7 and 8 a selector for deciding on one error sequence from the plurality of adders. **38**. 1 (Previously Presented) The data storage system of claim 37, 2 wherein each of the offset terms comprise an offset threshold, each of the thresholds being adjusted to improve detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise. 3

39. 1 (Previously Presented) The data storage system of claim 38, wherein the offset terms comprising an offset threshold are made dependent upon the 2 3 sequence at the output of the Viterbi decoder. 40. (Previously Presented) The data storage system of claim 39, 1 wherein the offset terms comprising an offset threshold are adjusted to choose a sequence 2 3 with more transitions. 41. 1 (Previously Presented) The data storage system of claim 39, wherein the offset threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence that compensates for 2 polarity dependent noise. 3 l 42. (Previously Presented) The data storage system of claim 41, 2 wherein the offset threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more ones when 3 polarity dependent noise makes ones more noisy. 43. 1 (Previously Presented) The data storage system of claim 41, 2 wherein the offset threshold is adjusted to choose a sequence with more zeroes when

polarity dependent noise makes zeroes more noisy.

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44. l (Currently Amended) A read channel, comprising: 2 means for decoding a received data stream to produce an estimated sequence representing decoded data bits; and 3 means for analyzing error events and selecting a sequence based upon the analysis 4 of the error events; 5 wherein the means for analyzing error events and the means for decoding each 6 include at least one threshold, and wherein at least one of the threshold of the means for 7 8 analyzing error events and the means for decoding is dynamically biased to improve 9 detection reliability in the presence of data dependent noise and wherein an offset term is 10 provided specific for means for analyzing error events and selecting a sequence to produce an error sequence, the offset terms comprising an offset threshold dependent 11 upon the sequence at the output of the Viterbi decoder means for decoding. 12